MONITORING OF IWMP WATERSHED PROJECTS USING GEO-INFORMATION

SUMMARY REPORT

VISAKHAPATNAM -11/2013-14 Andhra Pradesh

Submitted to NRSC, Balanagar, Hyderabad February-2023

Т 0 - Т 1 - Т 2 - Т 3 - Т 4 - Т 5



AGRICULTURE & SOIL DIVISION Andhra Pradesh Space Applications Centre (APSAC) ITE&C Department Govt. of Andhra Pradesh



RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND WATERSHED MONITORING DIVISION Land Resources and Land Use Mapping and Monitoring Group, Remote Sensing Application Area, National Remote Sensing Centre, ISRO



DEPARTMENT OF LAND RESOURCES Ministry of Rural Development Government of India

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• EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 01. STUDY AREA
- **02**. SATELLITE & ANCILLARY DATA INCLUDING DRISHTI STATUS
- 03. MONITORING IN THE PROJECT AREA : Site wise changes in the project
- 04. CONCLUSIONS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1. Integrated Watersheds Management Project (IWMP) is a flagship programme of Department of Land Resources (DoLR), Ministry of Rural Development (MRD).
- 2. National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), ISRO has designed and developed Bhuvan Geo-ICT Web portal tools namely Srishti and Drishti for monitoring and evaluation of IWMP watersheds. It uses high spatial and temporal resolution sensors viz., Carto-1/2(2.5 m), LISS-IV(5.8 m color).
- Current summary report gives details of Project IWMP-11/2013-14, Visakhapatnam District of Andhra Pradesh. The total geographical area of the project is 5,236 ha. It comprises of 15 micro watersheds.
- 4. In the project area 25 Drishti photos were uploaded showing check dams/Rock fill dam, livelihood activities, and remaining showing other activities.
- 5. Water bodies have shown an increased by 3.7 ha, which correspond to the other land use classes that have been converted into various water bodies in this period.
- 6. Major percentage i.e. 61 % is covered by the agriculture, 23 % is covered by forest, 10 % is covered by scrubland and remaining by other land use classes.

STUDY AREA PROJECT : SAMPANGIPUTTU WATERSHED (IWMP-11/2013-14) DISTRICT : VISAKHAPATNAM , STATE : ANDHRA PRADESH

The study area falls in Hukumpeta Mandal of Visakhapatnam district of Andhra Pradesh state. The total geographical area of the project is 5,236 ha. It comprises of 15 micro watersheds. Location Map of the study area is shown in Figure 1. Analysis is done for 2013-14 (T0) period (Batch -1) projects taking 2021-22 (T5) period satellite images, seen in Table 1 & 2,Fig 04.



Fig.1. Location map of Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) in Visakhapatnam, A.P

- Visakhapatnam has a tropical wet and dry climate. The annual mean temperature ranges between 24.7 °C to 30.6 °C, with the maximum in the month of May and the minimum in January; the minimum temperatures ranges between 20-27 °C.
- The climate of the district is varied and has differing climate conditions in different parts. Near the coast the air is humid and moist and relaxing, but gets warmer towards the interior and cools down in the hilly areas on account of elevation and dense vegetation.

Table I. Satellite Data and Ancillary Data

Satellite data*	T0-A**	T0-B**	Τ5
	2013-14	2011-12	2021-22
LISS IV	2013-14		
SCENE 1			5-Jan-22
SCENE2			
SCENE 3			
SCENE 4			
CARTO	2013-14		
SCENE 1			5-Jan-22
SCENE2			
SCENE 3			
SCENE 4			

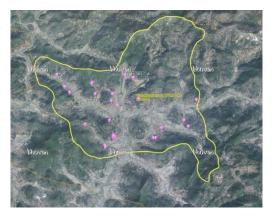
Table 2. Ancillary Data

	Category	Sub category	Status
1	Thematic maps		
	LULC (1: 10 000)		
		DRAIANGE	YES
		SETTLEMENT	YES
		ROADS/RAILS	No
	LULC (1: 50 000)		
		2005-06	
		2008-09	
2	Activity Plan Maps		
3	Drishti Photographs		
		Total	25
4	Detailed Project Report		

Fig 2. Natural Color Composite overlaid with Project boundaries and high detail stream network



Fig 3. Natural Color Composite overlaid with Drishti Points



Drishti Upload Status

Legend



Drainage (1:10000 Scale)

MWS Boundary



Project Boundary

Table 3. Classification of the Activities

Sr. No	Activity	Number of Photographs uploaded in Drishti Mobile Application	Visible on satellite in Srishti Geoportal
1	Afforestation	0	0
2	Horticulture	0	0
3	Agriculture	0	0
4	Pasture	0	0
5	Trench	0	0
6	Field Bunds	0	0
7	Terrace	0	0
8	Checks & Plugs	0	0
9	Gabion structure	0	0
10	Farm ponds/Dug out pit	0	0
11	Civil work-Check dams/Rock fill dam	7	7
12	Nallah Bunds/Drainage treatment	0	0
13	Percolation tanks / Ground water recharge structure	0	0
14	Production System and Micro-Enterprises	0	0
15	Livelihood Activities-Plantation/Horticulture	0	0
16	Capacity Building Activities	0	0
17	Entry Point Activity	18	18
18	Others	0	0
	TOTAL	25	25

03. MONITORING IN THE PROJECT AREA

3.1 Site Wise Changes in the Project

- Impacts of the activities carried out are presented through combination of Drishti and Srishti captures.
- T0 is the baseline period before implementation (2013-14) and T5 is 2021-22 period for monitoring.
- Captures are also provided wherever changes are observed in satellite images, that may match expected activity related impact, even though they don't have Drishti report yet, figure 05 & 06.

Fig 4.Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Natural Colour Composite (NCC)

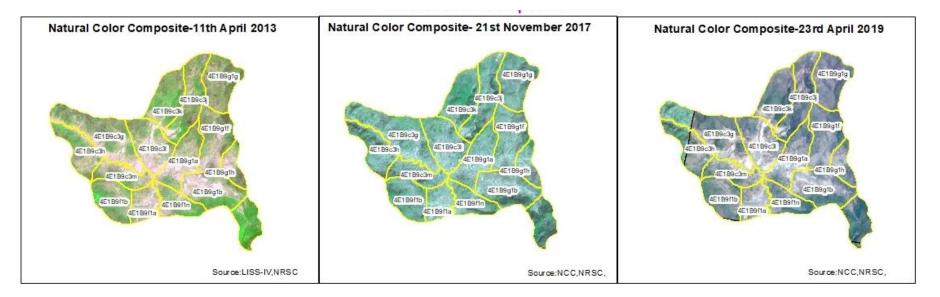




Fig 5. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Monitoring of activities in Visakhapatnam Dt Andhra Pradesh

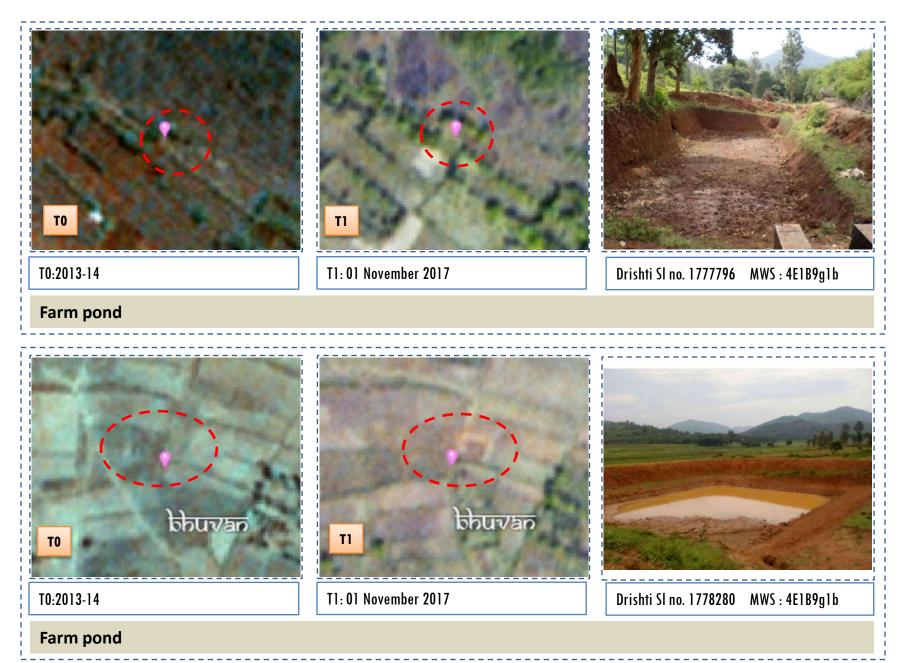
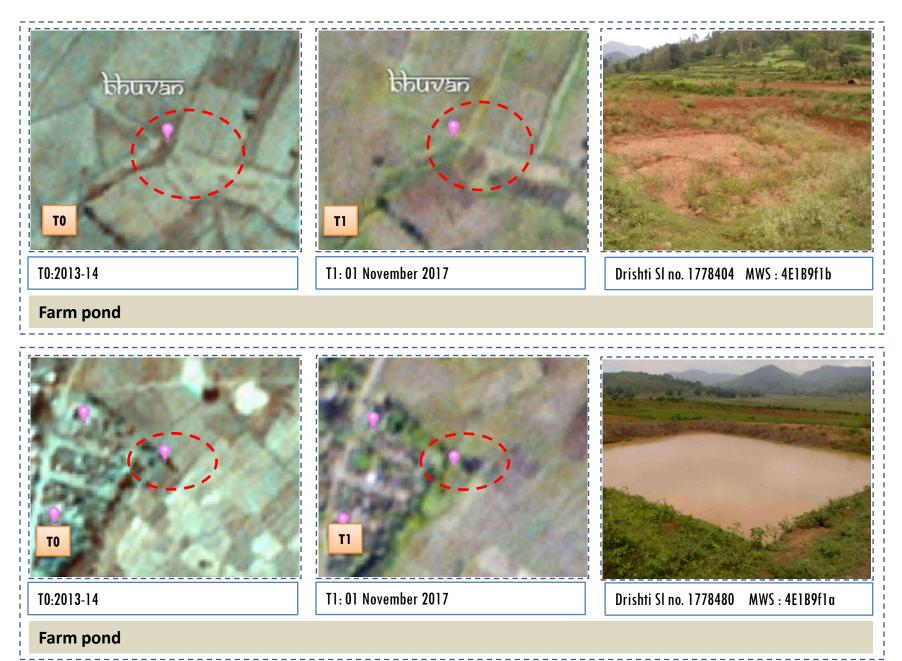


Fig 6. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Monitoring of activities in Visakhapatnam Dt Andhra Pradesh



03. MONITORING IN THE PROJECT AREA

3.2 Land use and Land cover Changes in the Project

- Change in land use and land cover form T0 to T5 are analyzed in terms of built up, mining/dump, agriculture, plantation- horticulture, forest, barren rocky waterbody-streams/river/reservoir and waterbody –ponds, seen in fig 07 to fig 11.
- Captures are also provided wherever changes are observed in satellite images, that may
 match expected activity related impact, even though they don't have Drishti report yet, seen
 in fig 12 & 13.
- The result obtained for the period T0 to T5 are given in the change matrix table, seen in table 04 to table 08.
- In matrix table column represents the T0 (2013-14) and row represents the T5 (2021-22)

Fig 7. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Comparative assessment of Land Use and Land Cover for Pre and Post IWMP implementation (2013-14 to 2017-18) Scale: 1:10000

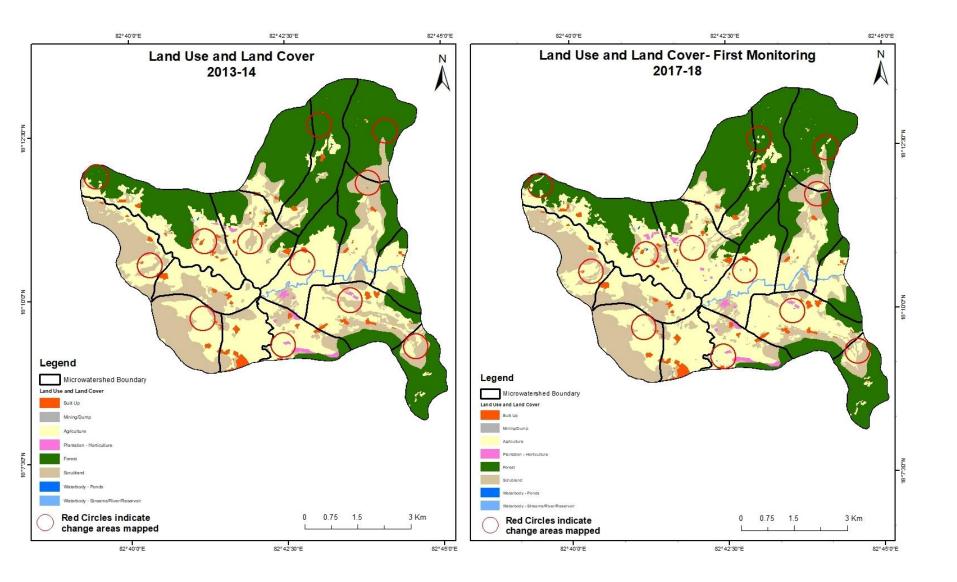


Fig 8. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Comparative assessment of Land Use and Land Cover for Pre and Post IWMP implementation (2017-18 to 2018-19) Scale: 1:10000

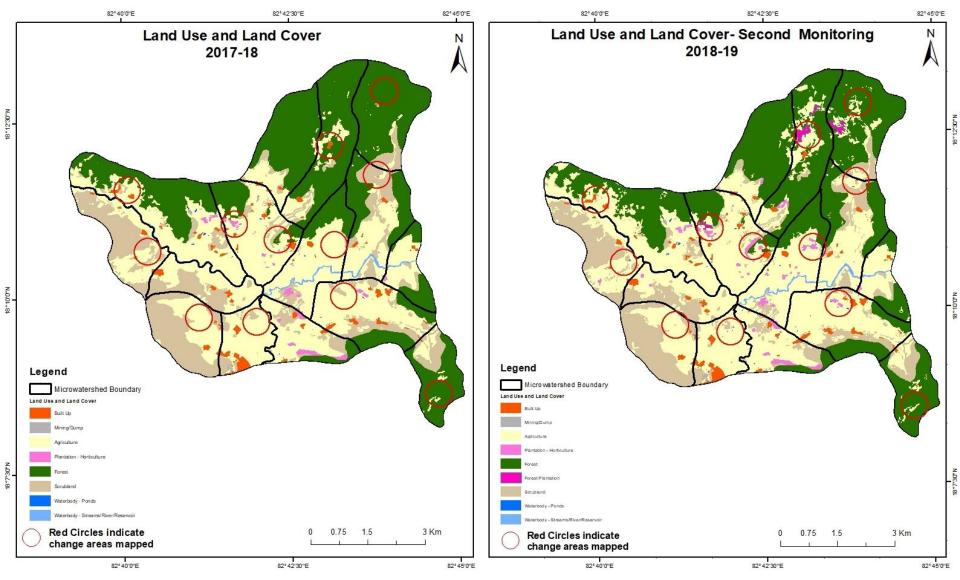


Fig 9. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Comparative assessment of Land Use and Land Cover for Pre and Post IWMP implementation (2018-19 to 2019-20) Scale: 1:10000

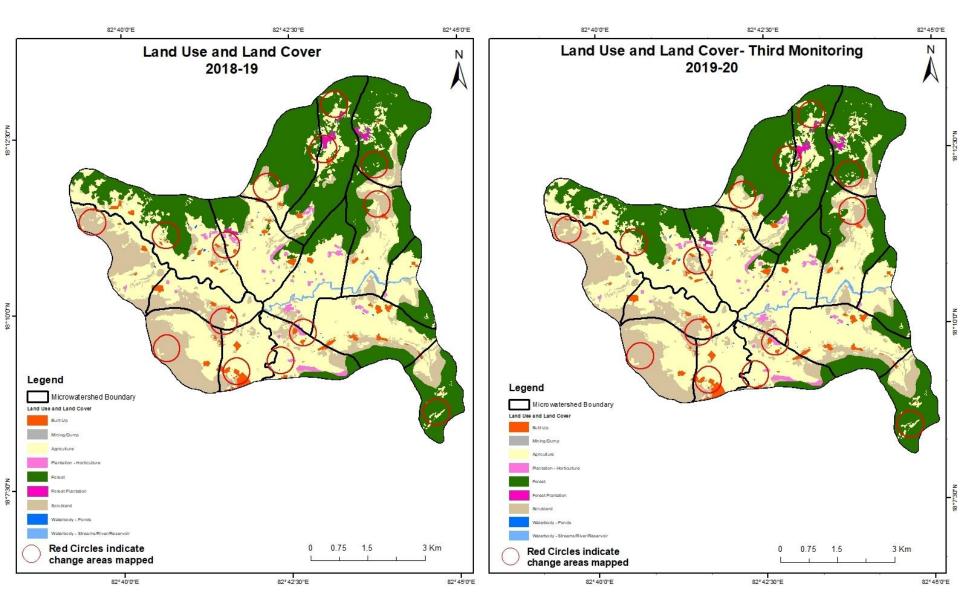


Fig 10. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Comparative assessment of Land Use and Land Cover for Pre and Post IWMP implementation (2019-20 to 2020-21) Scale: 1:10000

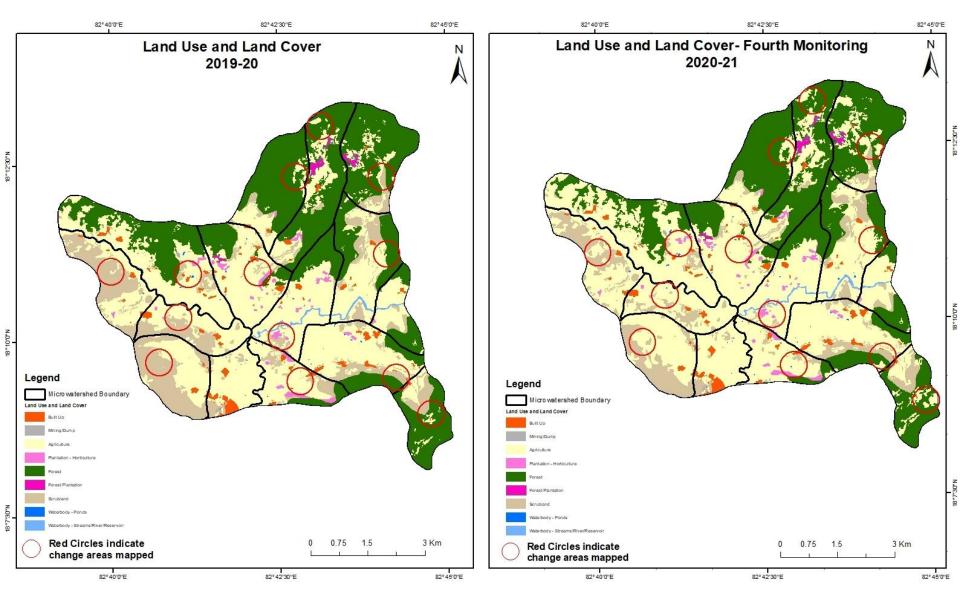


Fig 11. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Comparative assessment of Land Use and Land Cover for Pre and Post IWMP implementation (2020-21 to 2021-22) Scale: 1:10000

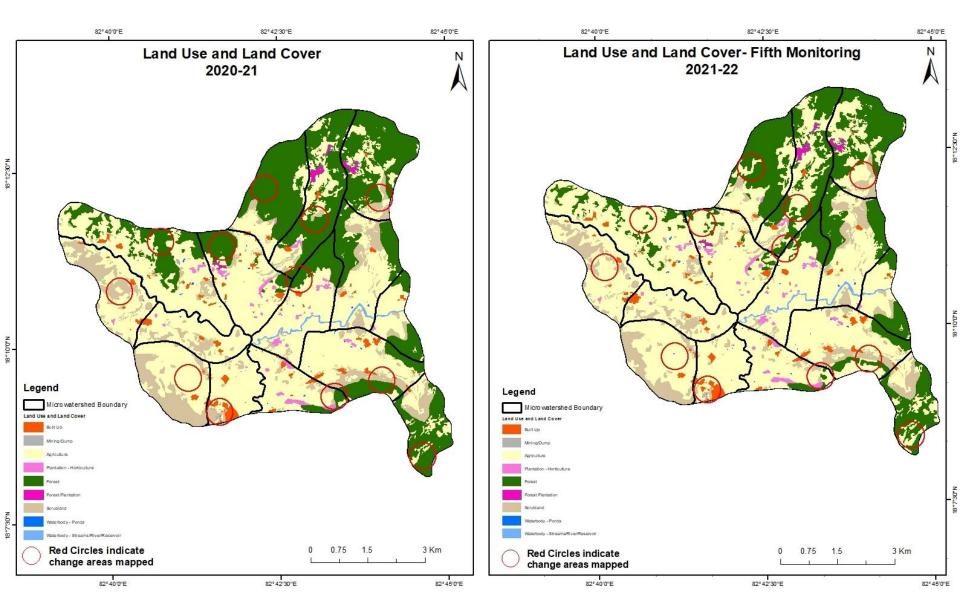
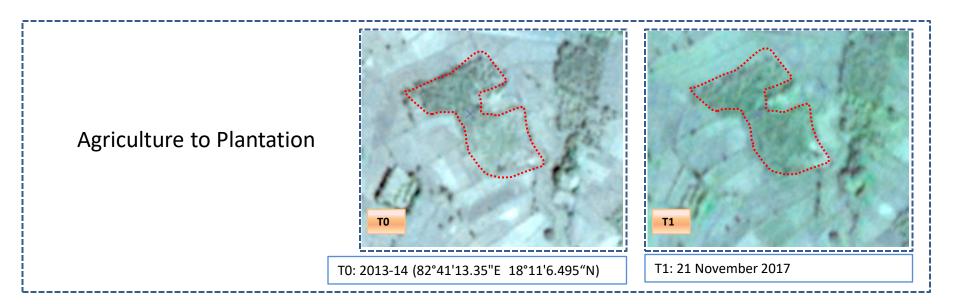


Fig 12. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Land Use and Land Cover changes for Pre and Post treatment dates



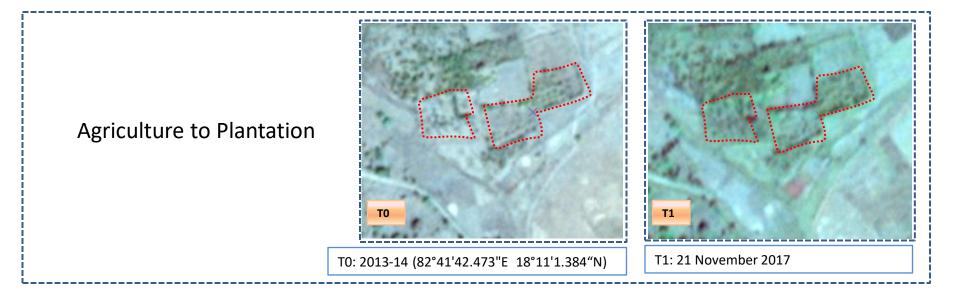
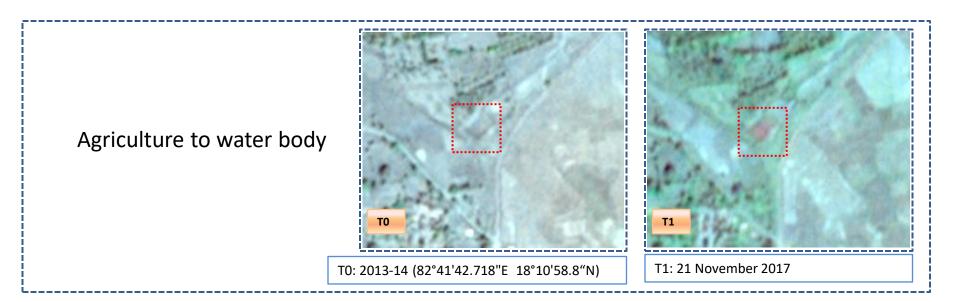
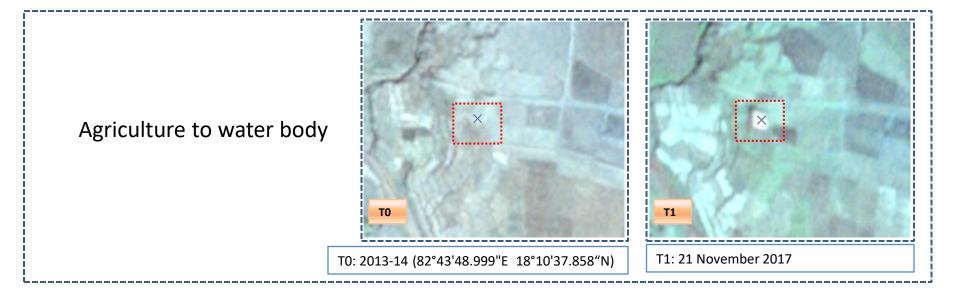


Fig 13. Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14) Land Use and Land Cover changes for Pre and Post treatment dates





Land cover	Monitor	Monitoring period (T1) Units in Hectares										
ТО	Built up	Mining/ dump		Plantation Horticulture		Forest Plantation			Waterbody- Streams/River	Water body Ponds	Grand Total	
Built up	91.43										91.43	
Mining/dump		1.06									1.06	
Agriculture	2.35	0.87	1924.57	7.05						1.63	1936.47	
Plantation Horticulture				27.65							27.65	
Forest	0.29		55.26		1943.7						1999.25	
Forest Plantation												
Barren Rocky												
Scrub	1.21	0.72	152.71					959.32		0.28	1114.24	
Waterbody- Streams/River									65.56		65.56	
Waterbody – Ponds										0.36	0.36	
Grand Total	95.28	2.65	2132.54	34.7	1943.7			959.32	65.56	2.27	5236.02	

Table 4. showing change matrix depicting Land cover transitions for Sampangiputtu Watershed (IWMP-11/2013-14)during study period-2013-14 to 2017-18

Interpretation: The example of "Agriculture" Land cover for the period 2009-10 to 2017-18

1. In matrix table diagonal elements represent the both periods in the same class and off diagonal elements represents the changes in between the classes.

2. In TO 11.9 ha of the agriculture area has decreased and it is converted into Built-up (2.3 ha), plantation/horticulture (7 ha) and water body (1.6 ha) in T1.

3. In T1 207 ha of the agriculture area has increased from plantations/horticulture (55 ha) and scrubland (152 ha) of T0.

Land cover	Monitor	Ionitoring period (T2) Units in Hectares											
T1	Built up	Mining/ dump		Plantation Horticulture		Forest Plantation		Scrub	Waterbody- Streams/River	Water body Ponds	Grand Total		
Built up	95.28										95.28		
Mining/dump		2.65									2.65		
Agriculture	3.57	,	2117.65	10.47						0.85	2132.54		
Plantation Horticulture				34.7							34.7		
Forest	0.11		121.16		1802.16	20.27	,				1943.7		
Forest Plantation													
Barren Rocky													
Scrub	2.5	0.26	113.88	9.63				832.94		0.11	959.32		
Waterbody- Streams/River									65.56		65.56		
Waterbody – Ponds										2.27	2.27		
Grand Total	101.46	2.91	2352.69	54.8	1802.16	20.27	,	832.94	65.56	3.23	5236.02		

Table 5. showing change matrix depicting Land cover transitions during study period-2017-18 to 2018-19

4. In T1 14 ha of the agriculture area has decreased and it is converted into Built-up (3.5 ha), plantations/horticulture (10.4 ha) and water body (0.8 ha) in T2.

5. In T2 235 ha of the agriculture area has increased from forest (121 ha) and scrubland (113 ha) of T1.

Land cover	Monitor	ing period	Units in Hectares							
T2		Mining/ dump		Plantation Horticulture		Forest Plantation		Waterbody- Streams/River	Water body Ponds	Grand Total
Built up	101.46									101.46
Mining/dump		2.91								2.91
Agriculture	0.37		2352.32							2352.69
Plantation Horticulture				54.8						54.8
Forest	0.02		21.82		1780.32					1802.16
Forest Plantation						20.27				20.27
Barren Rocky										
Scrub	0.02		13.79				819.13			832.94
Waterbody- Streams/River								65.56		65.56
Waterbody – Ponds									3.23	3.23
Grand Total	101.87	2.91	2387.93	54.8	1780.32	20.27	819.13	65.56	3.23	5236.02

Table 6. showing change matrix depicting Land cover transitions during study period-2018-19 to 2019-20

5. In T2 0.3 ha of the agriculture area has decreased and it is converted into Built-up (0.3 ha) in T3.

6. In T3 35 ha of the agriculture area has increased from forest (21.8 ha) and scrubland (13.7 ha) of T2.

Land cover	Monitor	ing period	Units in Hecta	Units in Hectares						
Т3		Mining/ dump		Plantation Horticulture	Forest	Forest Plantation	Scrub	Waterbody- Streams/River	Water body Ponds	Grand Total
Built up	101.87									101.87
Mining/dump		2.91								2.91
Agriculture	1.19		2385.98						0.76	2387.93
Plantation Horticulture				54.8						54.8
Forest			192.33		1587.99					1780.32
Forest Plantation						20.27				20.27
Barren Rocky										
Scrub			203.76				615.37	7		819.13
Waterbody- Streams/River								65.56		65.56
Waterbody – Ponds									3.23	3.23
Grand Total	103.06	2.91	2782.07	54.8	1587.99	20.27	615.37	65.56	3.99	5236.02

Table 7. showing change matrix depicting Land cover transitions during study period-2019-20 to 2020-21

•In T3 1.9 ha of the agriculture area has decreased and it is converted into built-up (1.1 ha) water body (0.7 ha) in T4.

•In T4 396 ha of the agriculture area has increased from forest (192 ha) and scrubland (203 ha) of T3.

Land cover	Monitor	ing period	Units in Hectares							
T4		Mining/ dump		Plantation Horticulture		Forest Plantation	Scrub	Waterbody- Streams/River	Water body Ponds	Grand Total
Built up	103.06									103.06
Mining/dump		2.91								2.91
Agriculture	3.85		2778.07						0.15	2782.07
Plantation Horticulture				54.8						54.8
Forest			378.13		1209.86					1587.99
Forest Plantation						20.27				20.27
Barren Rocky										
Scrub	0.57		76.5				538.3			615.37
Waterbody- Streams/River								65.56		65.56
Waterbody – Ponds									3.99	3.99
Grand Total	107.48	2.91	3232.7	54.8	1209.86	20.27	538.3	65.56	4.14	5236.02

Table 8. showing change matrix depicting Land cover transitions during study period-2020-21 to 2021-22

•In T4 04 ha of the agriculture area has decreased and it is converted into built-up (3.8 ha) in T5.

•In T5 454 ha of the agriculture area has increased from forest (378 ha) and scrubland (76 ha) of T4.

Conclusion

- The Land Use/Land Cover shows that there is an increase in Crop land, Built up area, Reservoir / Tanks & decrease in Scrubland as presented in the change matrix for different years.
- 2. There is an decrease of 3.7 Hectares in Reservoir / Tanks area as compared between baseline Land Use/Land Cover data 2013-14 (T0) & 2021-22 (T5) years.
- 3. There is an increase of 196, 210, 35, 394 & 450 Hectares from T0-T1, T1-T2, T2-T3, T3-T4 & T4-T5 respectively and overall increase of 1296 Hectares in Crop land area as compared between baseline Land Use/Land Cover data 2012-13 (T0) & 2021-22 (T5) years.
- About 27 ha of the plantation/horticulture area has been increased in during the monitoring period of 2012-13 (T0) to 2021-22 (T5) years.
- 5. There is a decrease of 575 Hectares in Scrubland area as compared between 2012-13 (T0) & 2021-22 (T5) years.
- 6. Farm ponds (09) is visible on IWMP (Integrated Watershed Management Programme) Bhuvan Srishti portal out of Bhuvan Drishti photo of Farm ponds (09) verified from the portal.

Abbreviations

- IWMP Integrated Watershed Management Programme
- LU/LC-Land Use/Land Cover
- DRISHTI- a mobile based android application
- SHRISTI- a web GIS interface on Bhuvan
- LISS Linear Image Self Scanner
- > PAN Panchromatic Image
- ➢ FCC − False Colour Composite
- NCC Natural Colour Composite
- NRSC National Remote Sensing Centre
- DoLR Department of Land Records