

FAIR

A geospatial context

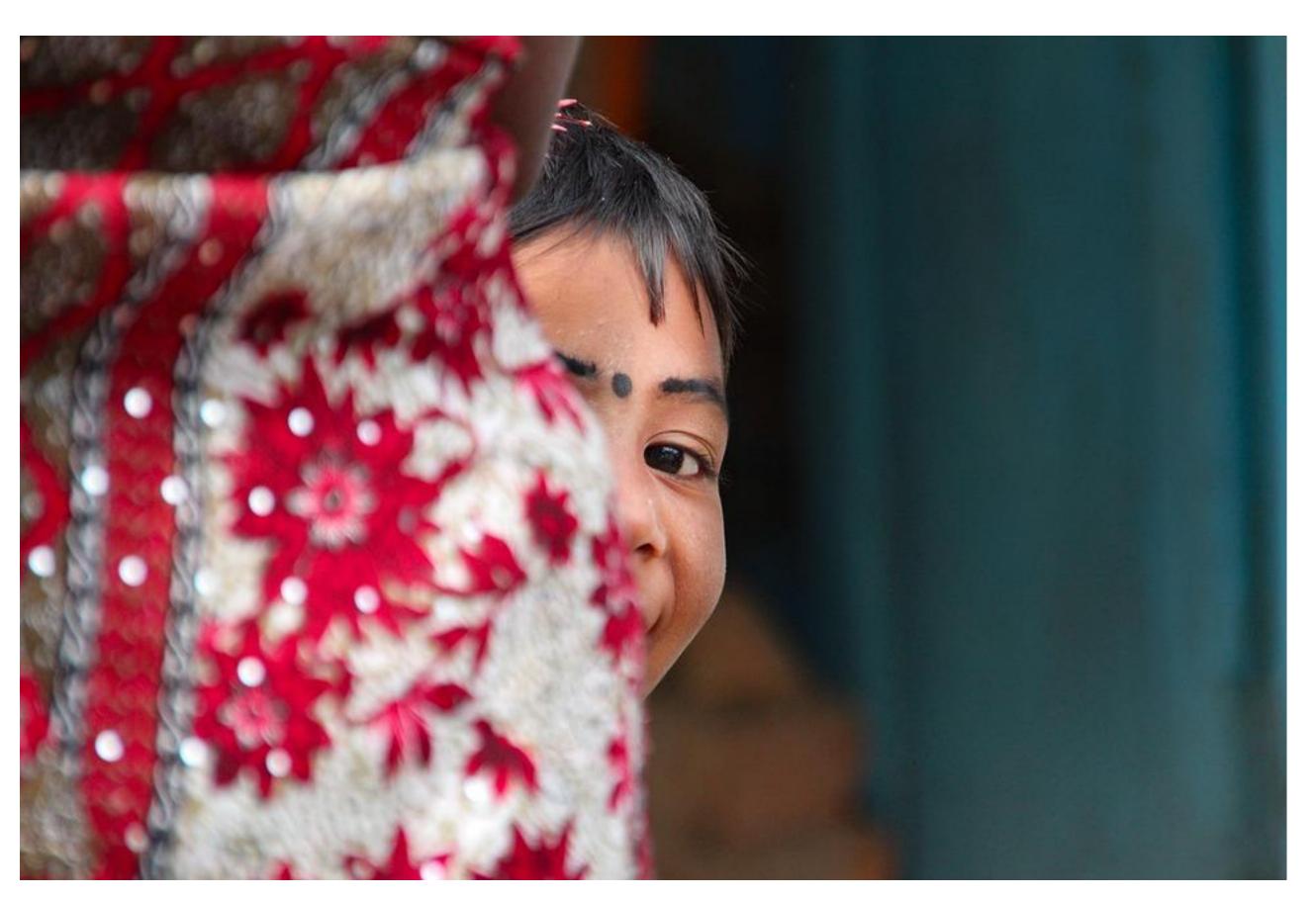


2022-12-16 | Scott Simmons, Chief Standards Officer, OGC

- Findable
- Accessible
- Interoperable
- Reusable

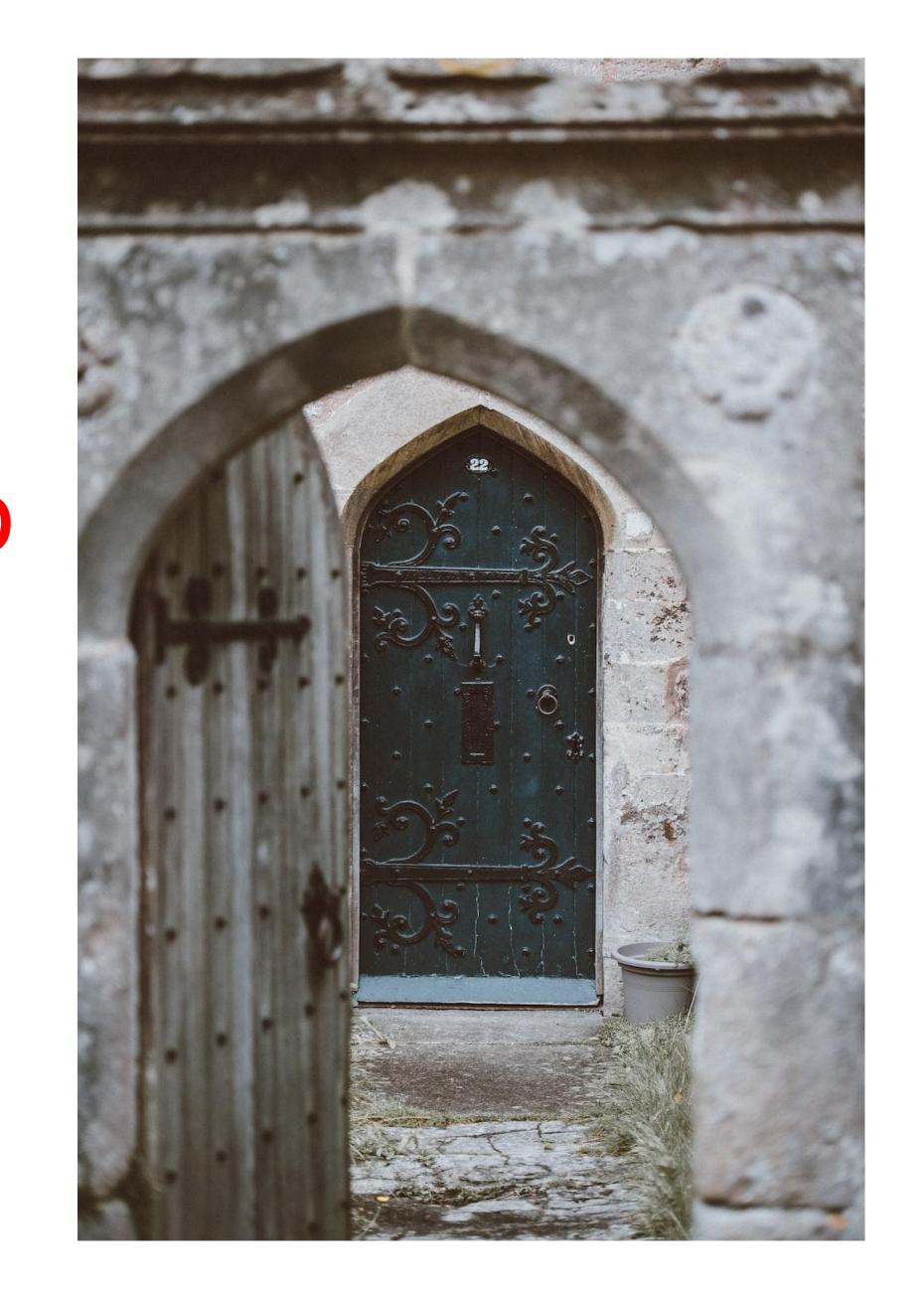


- Findable first, you have to find the data
- Accessible
- Interoperable
- Reusable





- Findable
- Accessible then you need to get to the data
- Interoperable
- Reusable



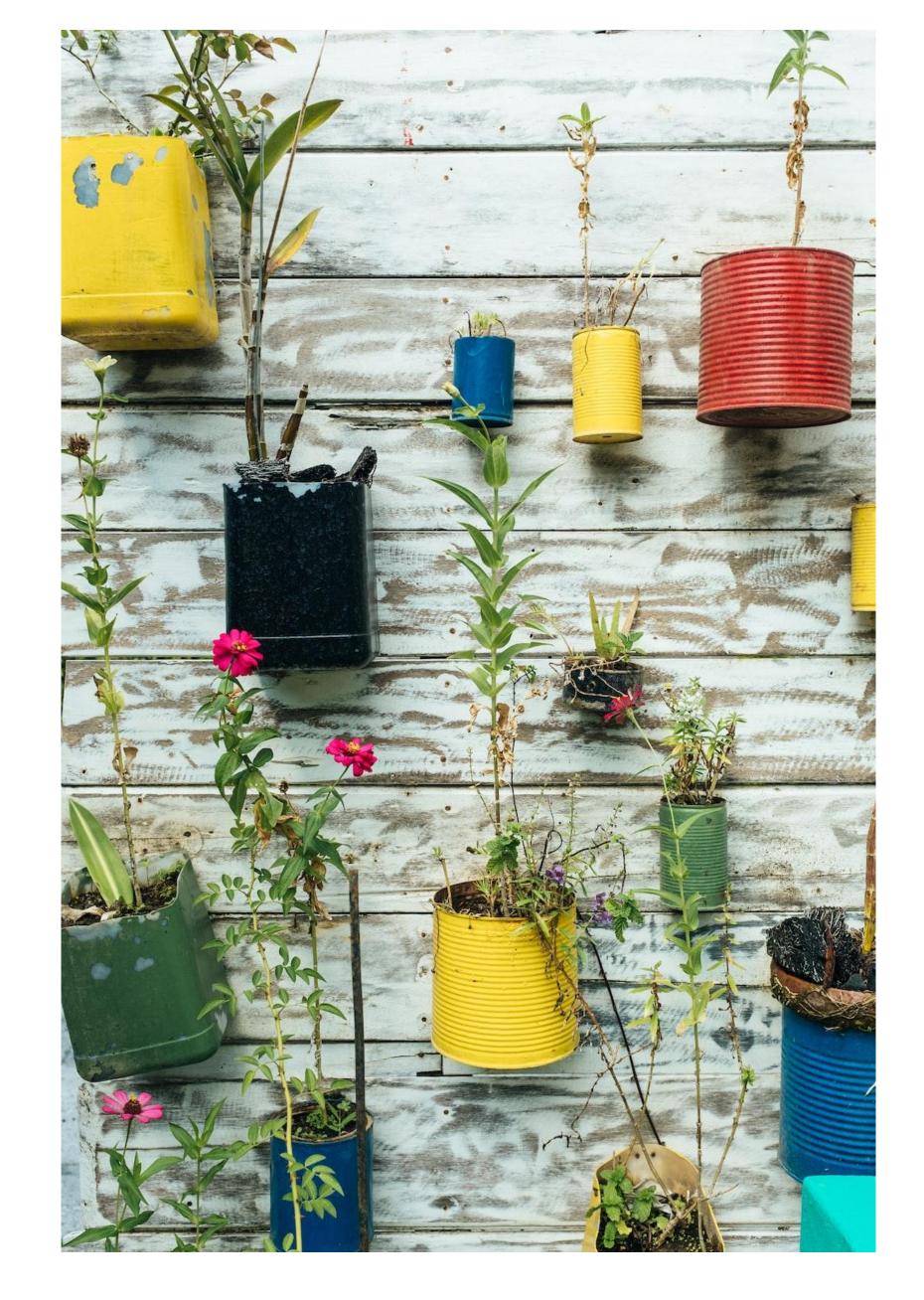


- Findable
- Accessible
- Interoperable once accessed, the data should work with other data
- Reusable





- Findable
- Accessible
- Interoperable
- Reusable interoperate to satisfy many scenarios





9.075 59 1.875 2.20 90 2.55 -2.82 2.70 15 12 4.43 1.83 1.57



To make things FAIR, we have to design to FAIR

- Bottom-up design
 - R: design a content model that maximizes Reusability
 - I: ensure the content model is Interoperable, may have to reduce some Reusability
 - A: encode the data in a format that is Accessible to the user community
 - F: create metadata and offer the content via a Findable service



Reusable

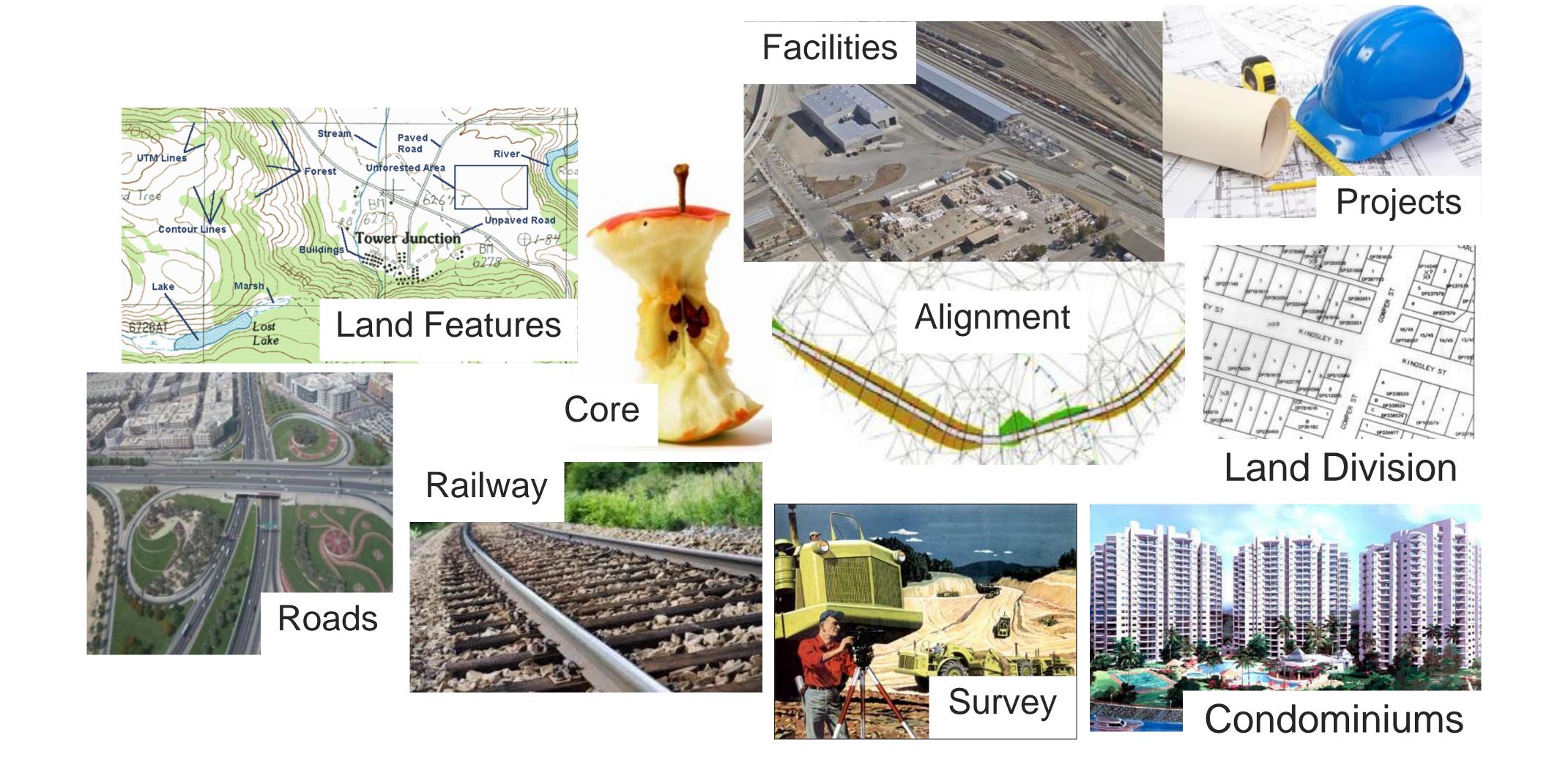
Example: engineering and geosciences

InfraGML + GeoSciML + WaterML >> MUDDI and Geotech



Landinfra / InfraGML

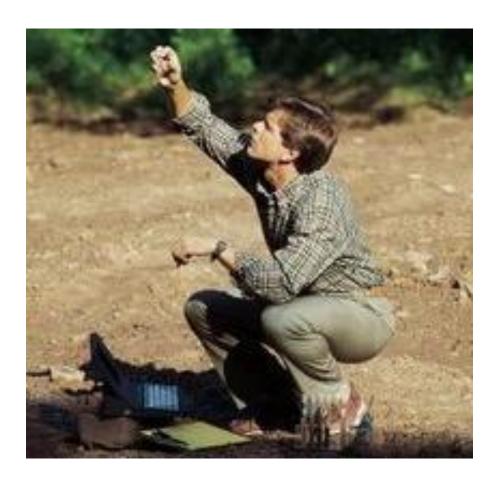
http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/landinfra

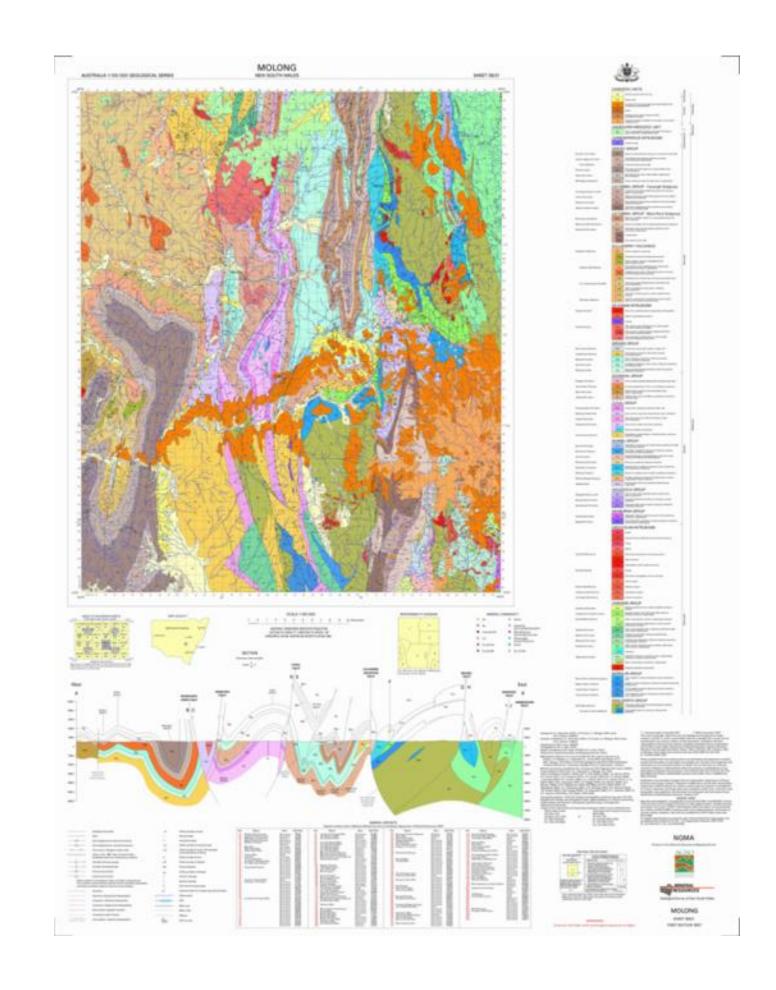


GeoSciML

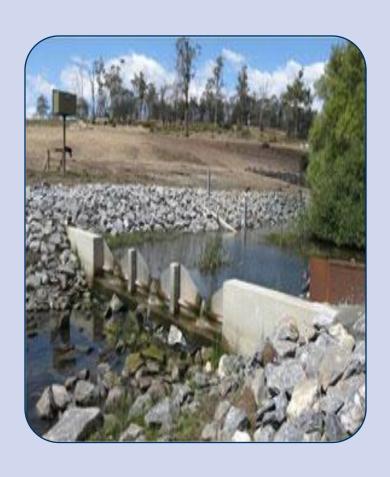
- GeoScience Markup Language
 - the original use case was to exchange data typically found on a geological map
 - geologic units, geologic time, faults, folds, etc
 - the scope of GeoSciML has expanded over the last 13 years to also cover geological sampling and analytical data

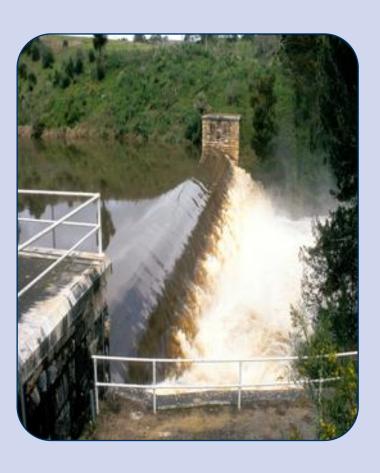


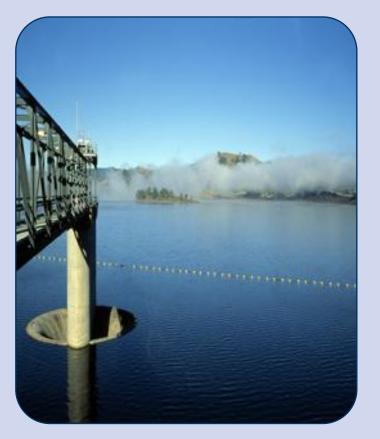




WaterML2.0 Standards











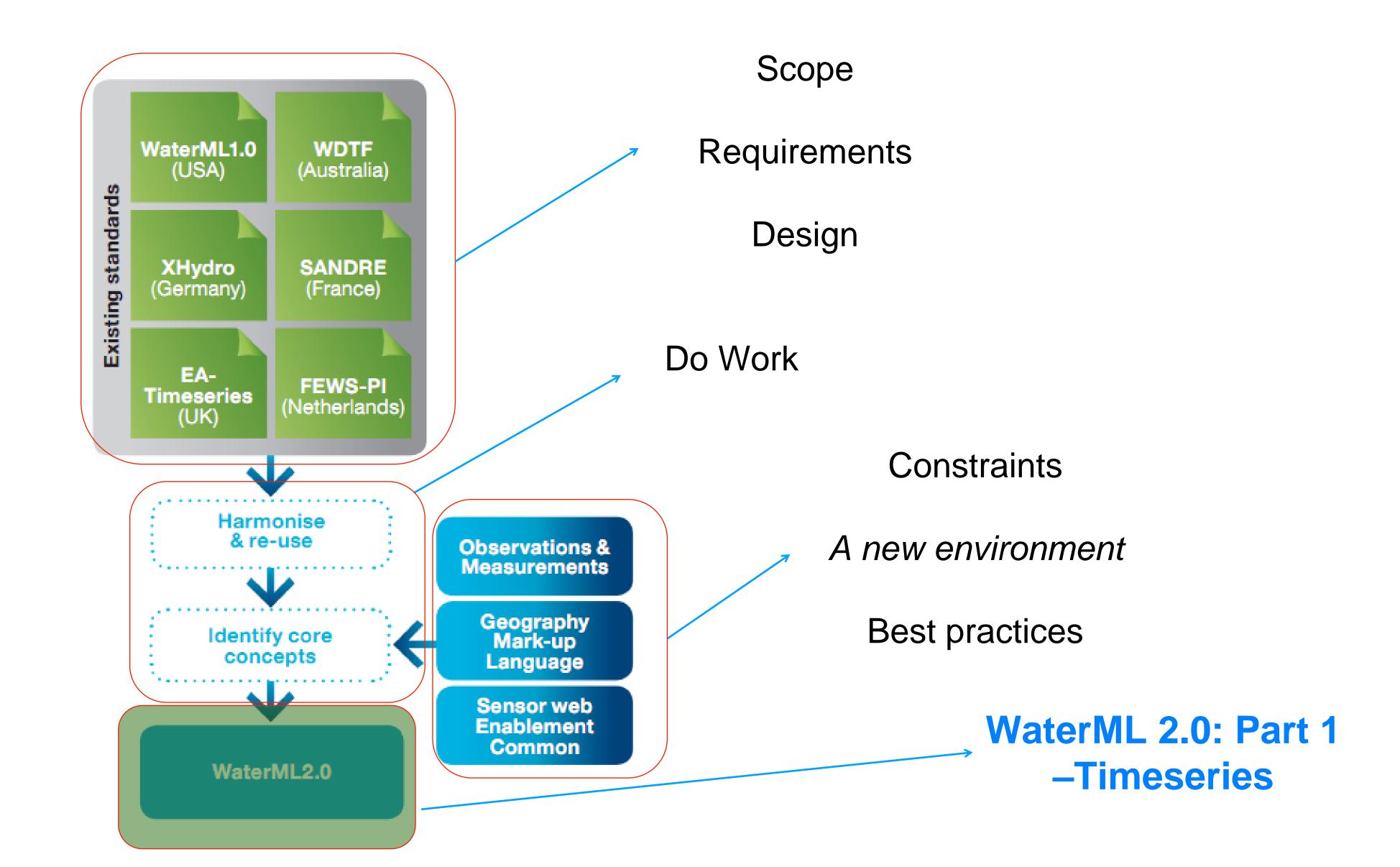
Part 1 Timeseries

Part 2 –
Ratings,
Gaugings
and
Sections

Part 3 –
Surface
water
features

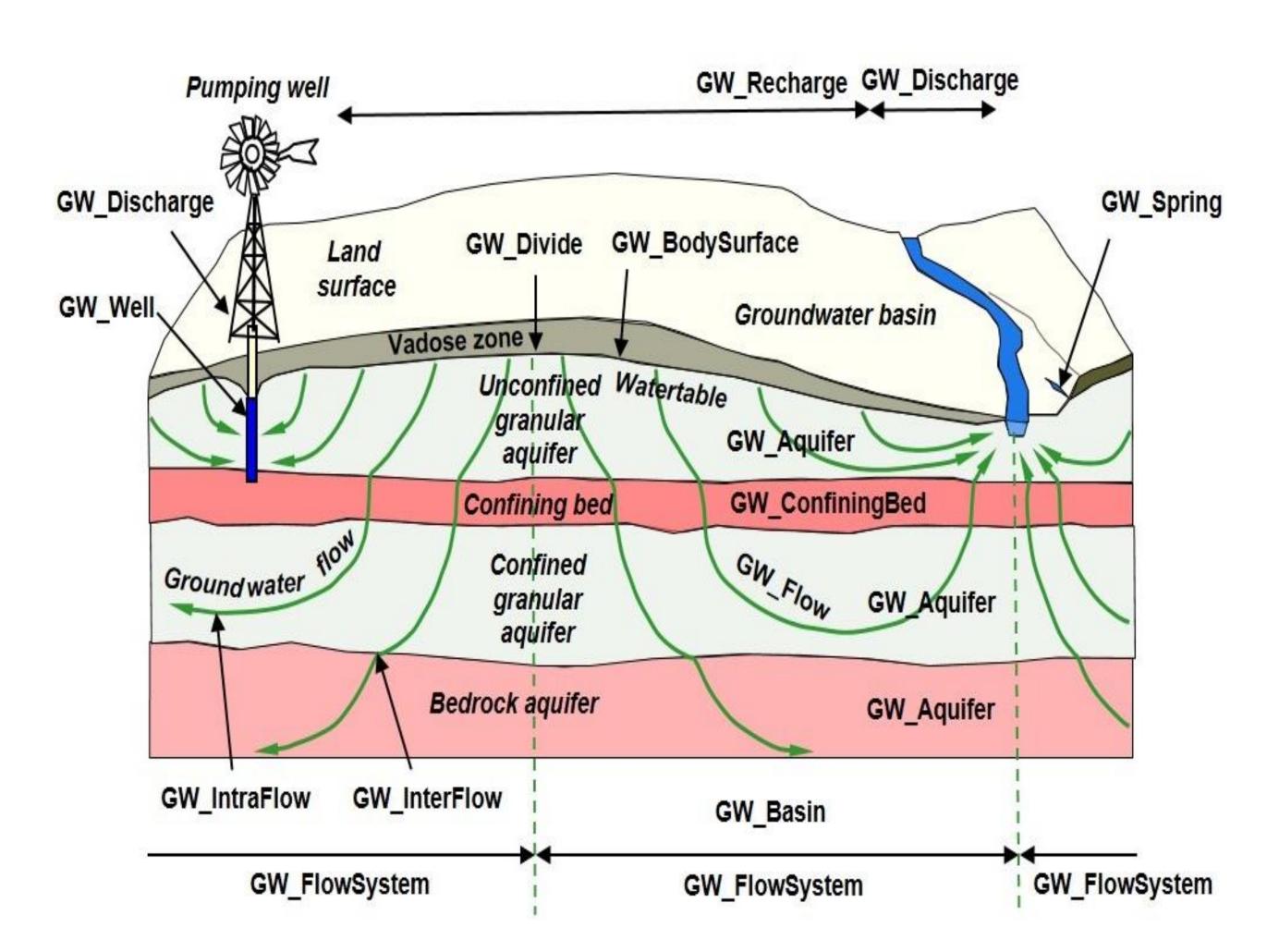
Part 4 – Groundwa ter Part 5 – Water quality (best practice)

WaterML2: Part 1 – Timeseries Harmonization

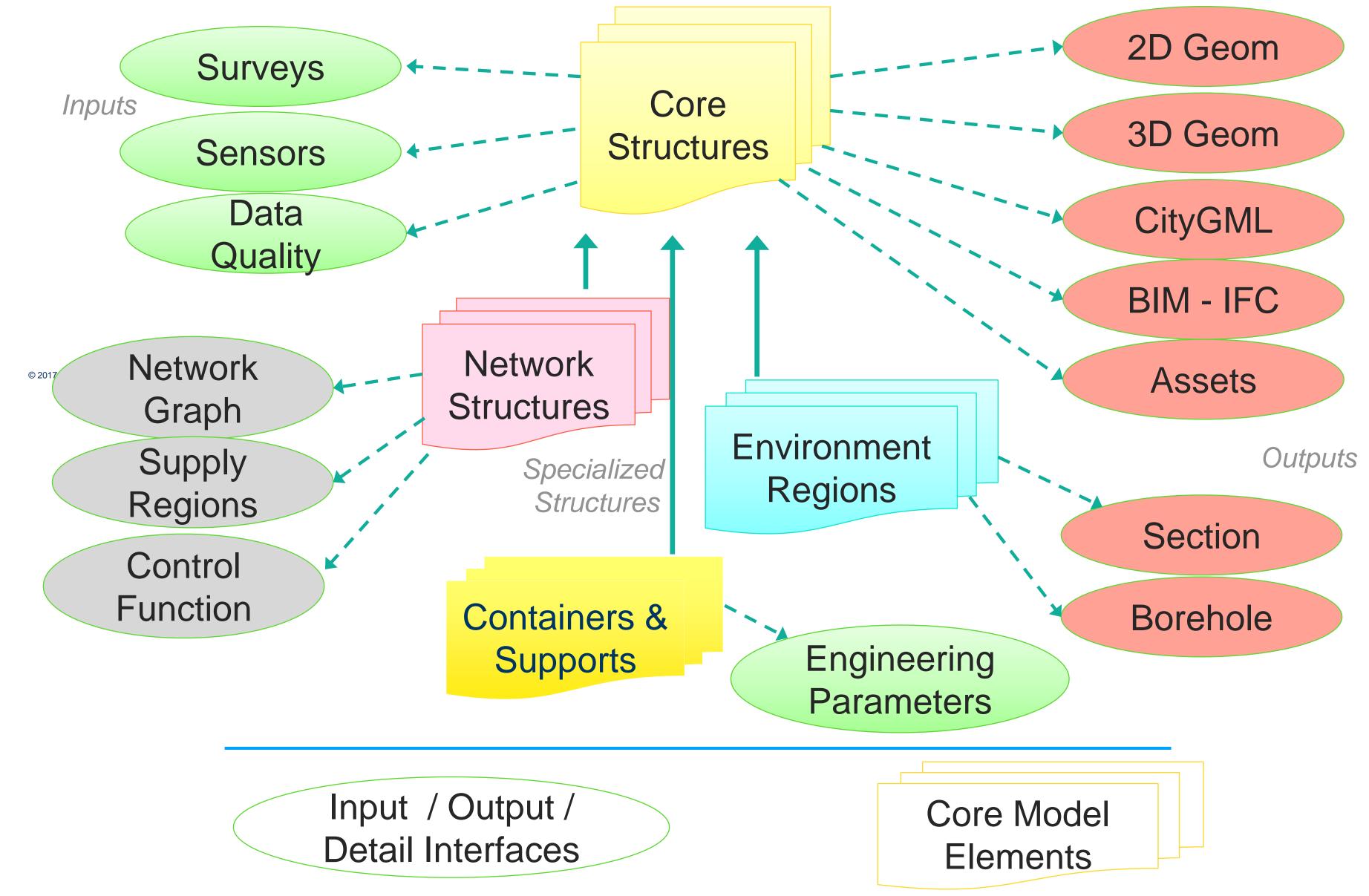


WaterML2: Part 4 – GroundWater Markup Language 2 (GWML2)

- Subsurface water features and observations
 - Hydrogeological units,
 Aquifers, Voids, Fluid
 bodies, Hydraulic
 conductivity, Water wells,
 Springs



MUDDI Model Structure

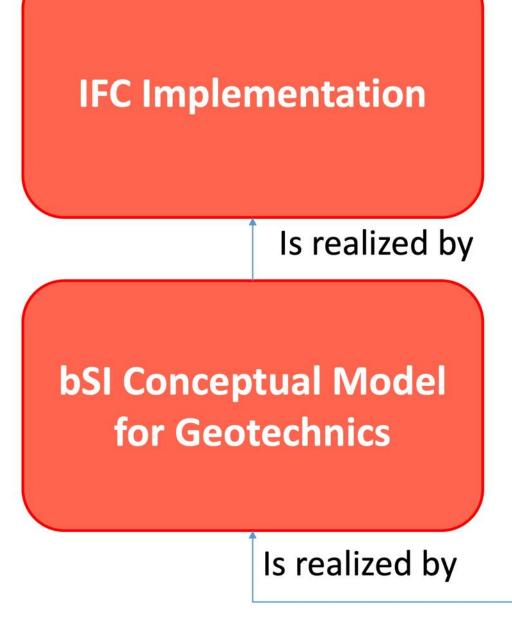


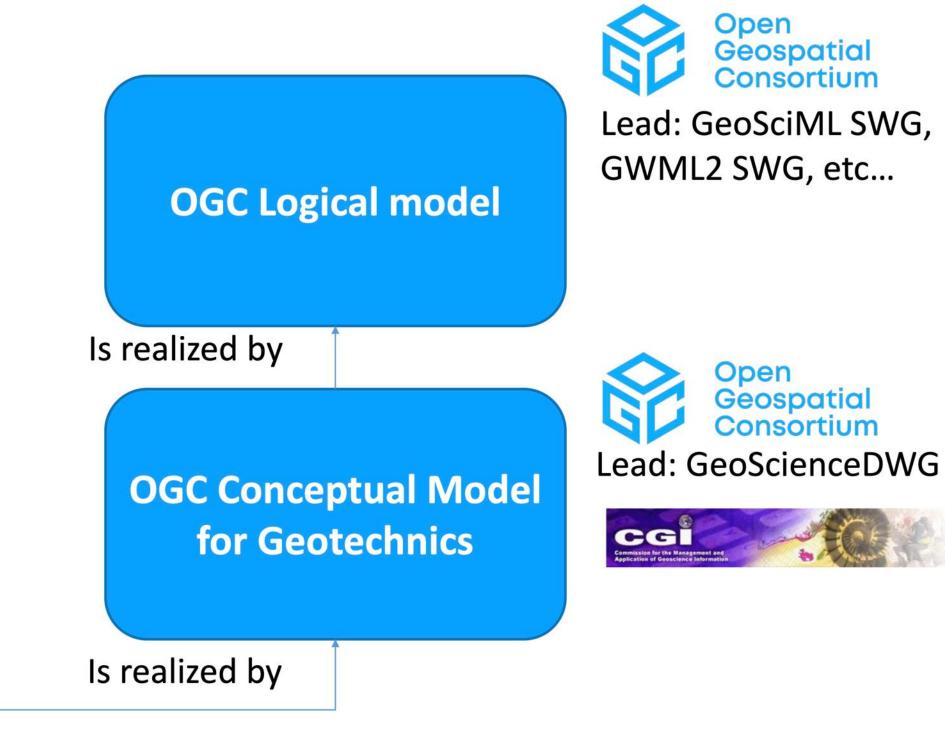
Geotech Interoperability Experiment

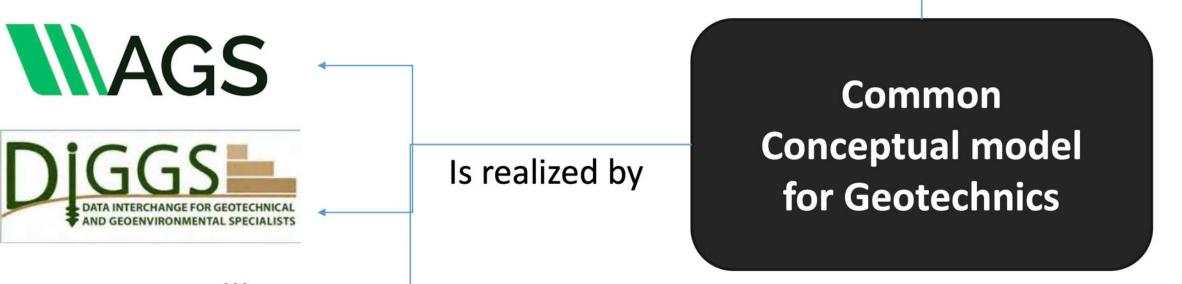
Based on existing working groups / organizations on February 2022



Geosubgroup















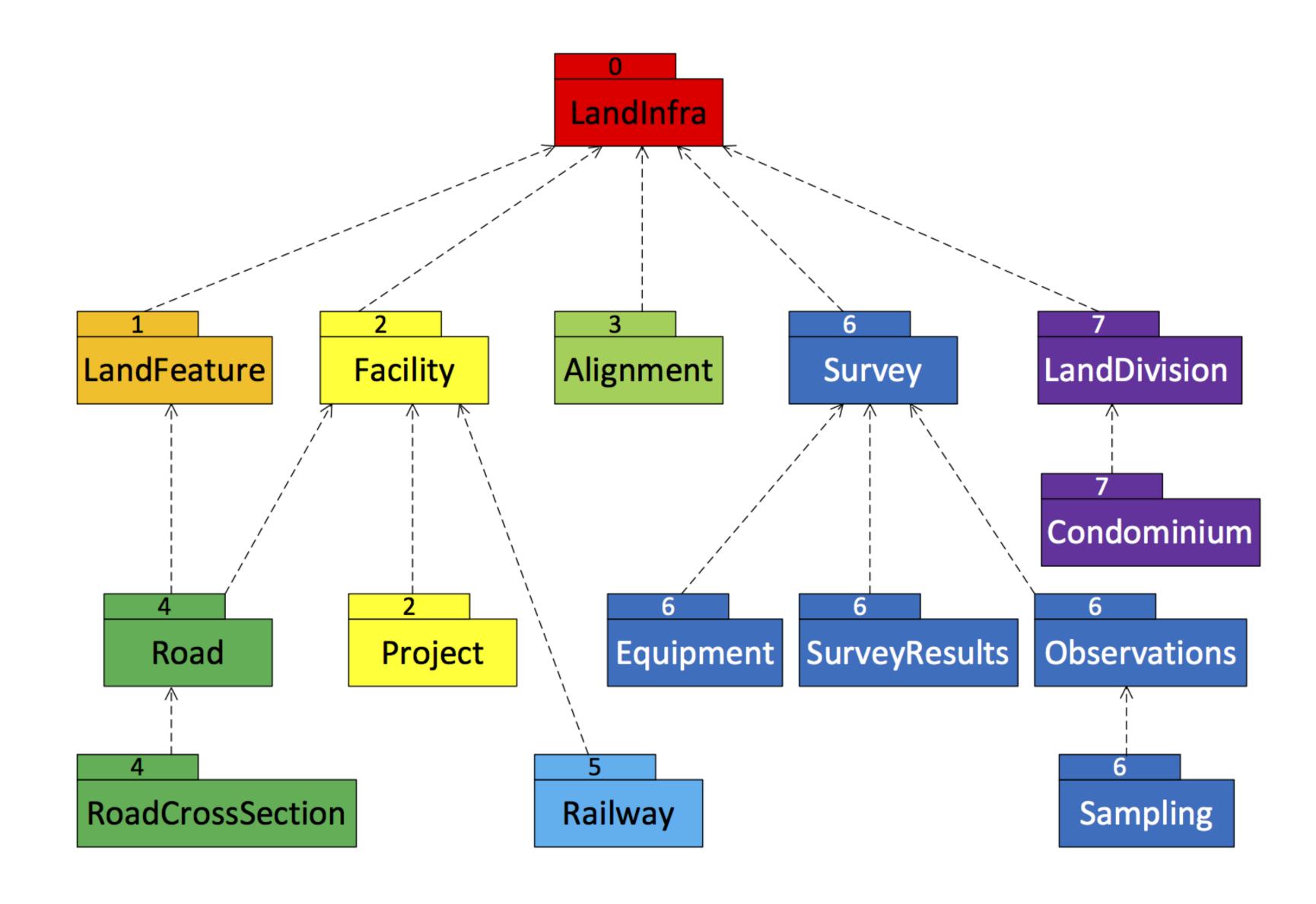


Interoperable

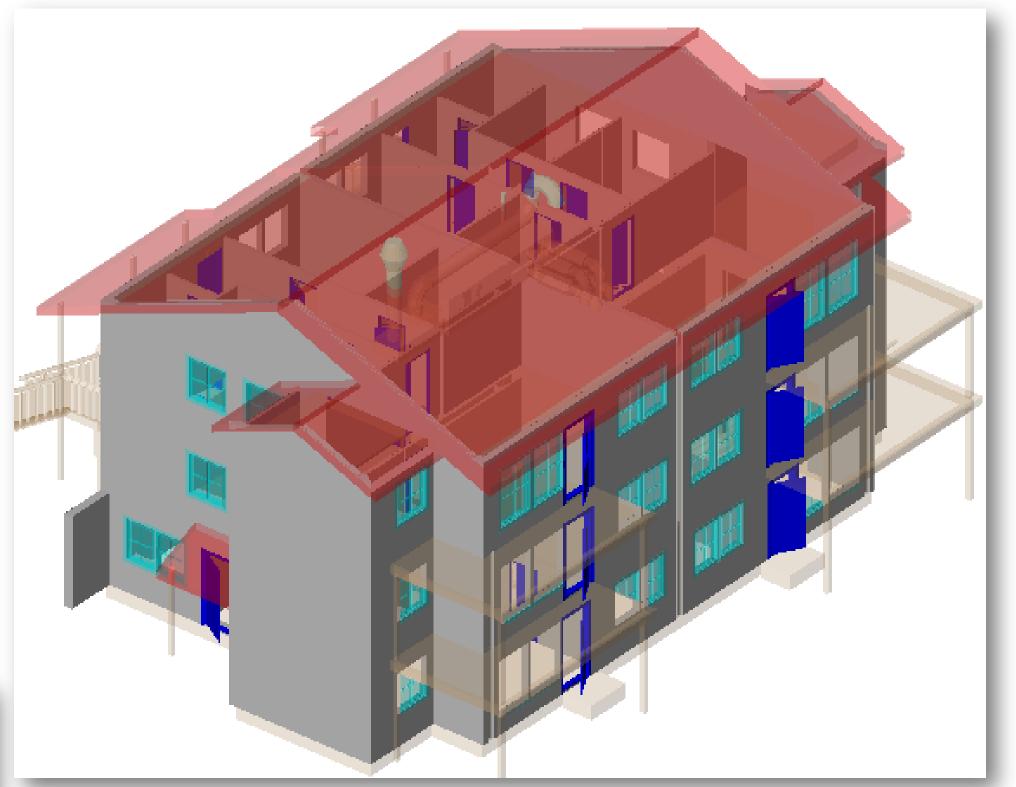
GML application profiles for the built environment



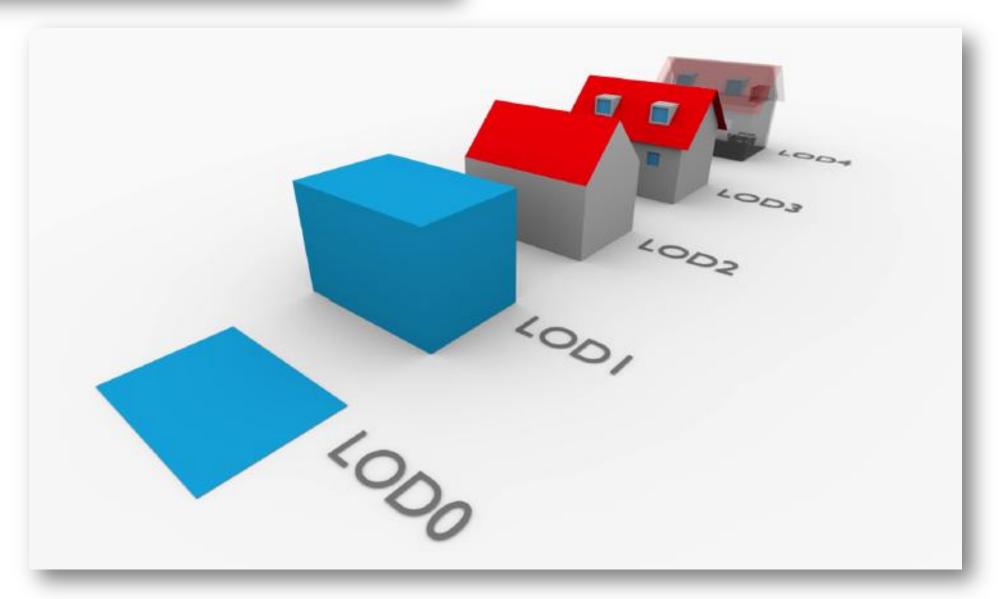
Landinfra / InfraGML



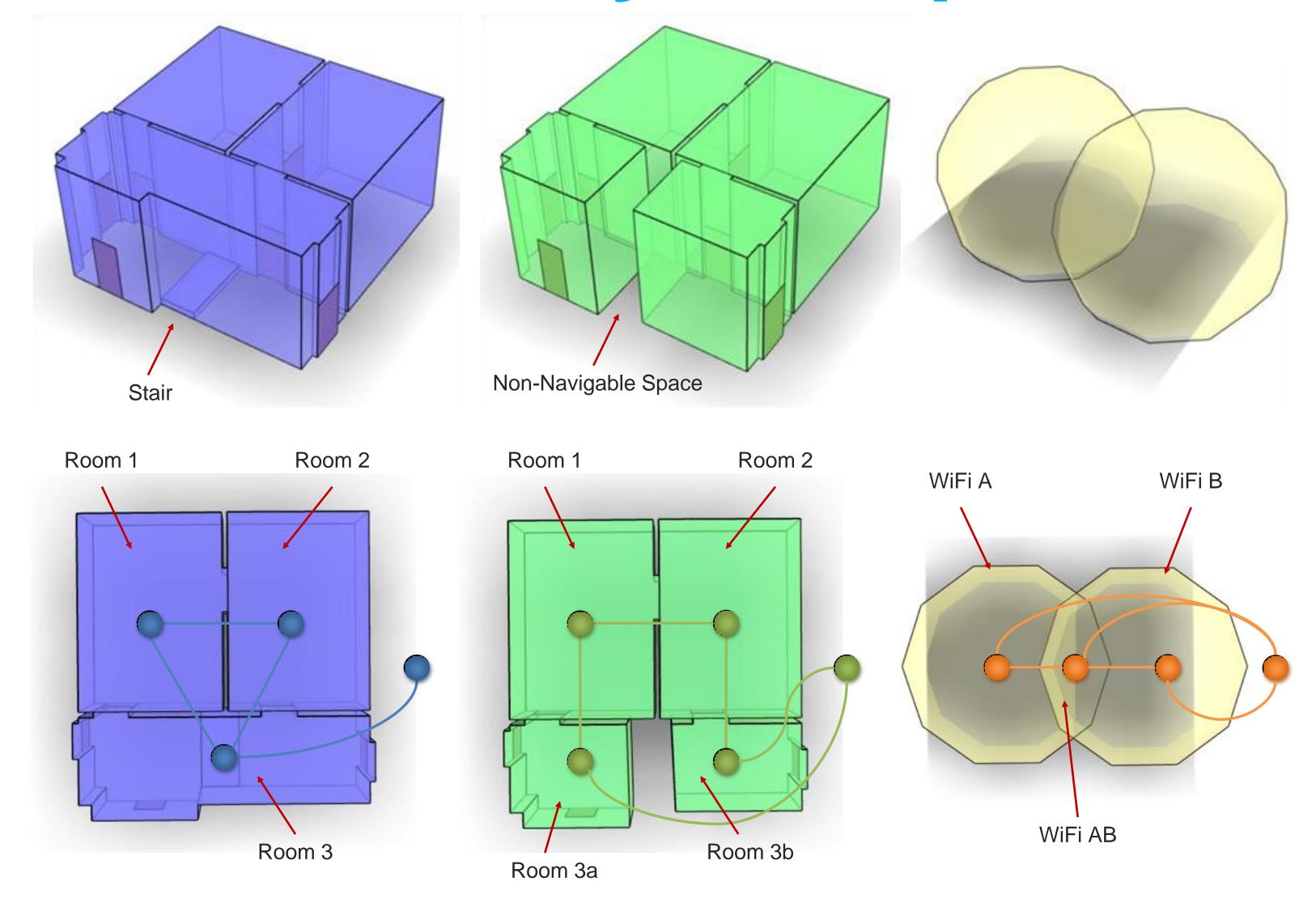
CityGML







IndoorGML - Multi-Layered Space



Accessible

Popular and performant encodings

- XML
- JSON (or GeoJSON or JSON-FG)

Ledoux et al. Open Geospatial Data, Software and Standards https://doi.org/10.1186/s40965-019-0064-0 Open Geospatial Data, Software and Standards

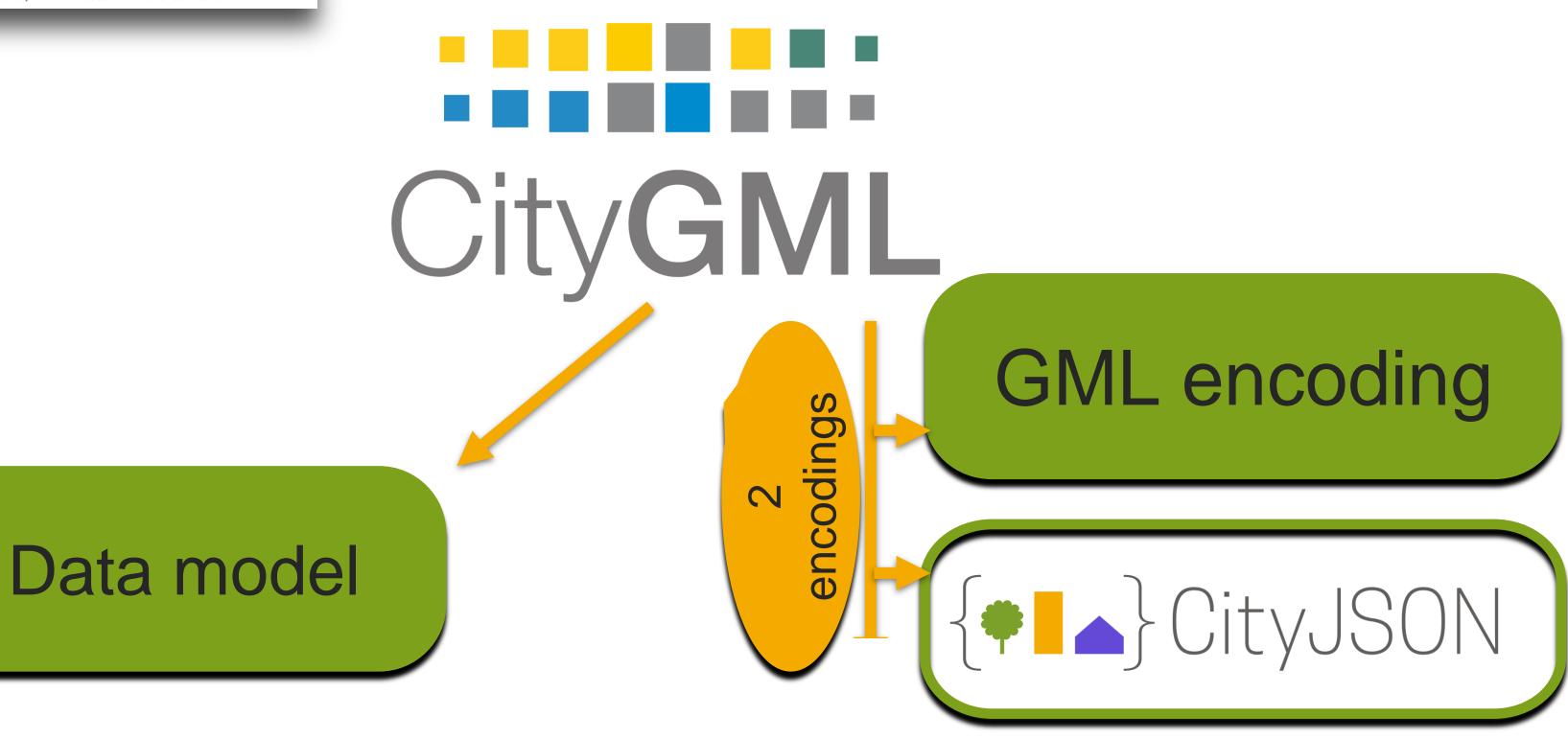
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Open Access

CityJSON: a compact and easy-to-use encoding of the CityGML data model



Hugo Ledoux^{*} , Ken Arroyo Ohori, Kavisha Kumar, Balázs Dukai, Anna Labetski and Stelios Vitalis



CityJSON: a compact and easy to use encoding of the CityGML data model



CityGML 3.0 GML encoding

```
<gml:Dictionary gml:id="roofTypes">
   <gml:metaDataProperty>
       <cmd:CodeListMetaData>
           <cmd:dataType>RoofTypeValue</cmd:dataType>
           <cmd:namespace>http://www.opengis.net/citygml/building/3.0</cmd:namespace>
           <cmd:language>en</cmd:language>
           <cmd:authority>xyz</cmd:authority>
           <cmd:version>1.0</cmd:version>
       <cmd:CodeListMetaData>
   </gml:metaDataProperty>
   <gml:description>Roof type values
   <gml:identifier codeSpace="https://ogc.org/citygml/3.0/codelists/gml/rooftypes">RoofTypeValue</gml:identifier>
   <gml:dictionaryEntry>
       <gml:Definition gml:id="id1">
           <gml:description>roof primarily a single plane, not necessarily level/gml:description>
           <gml:identifier codeSpace="https://ogc.org/citygml/3.0/codelists/gml/rooftypes">1000</gml:identifier>
           <gml:name>flat roof/gml:name>
       </gml:Definition>
   </gml:dictionaryEntry>
   <gml:dictionaryEntry>
       <gml:Definition gml:id="id2">
           <gml:description>a roof that has a ridge and two gables/gml:description>
           <gml:identifier codeSpace="https://ogc.org/citygml/3.0/codelists/gml/rooftypes">3100</gml:identifier>
           <gml:name>saddle roof
       </gml:Definition>
   </gml:dictionaryEntry>
</gml:Dictionary>
```

CityJSON

```
"type": "CityJSON",
        "version": "1.0",
         "metadata": {
       "referenceSystem":
"urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::7415",
        "CityObjects": {
             "id-1": {
        "type": "Building",
           "attributes": {
     "measuredHeight": 22.3,
        "roofType": "gable",
      "owner": "Elvis Presley"
          "geometry": [
       "type": "MultiSurface",
           "boundaries": [
[[0, 3, 2, 1]], [[4, 5, 6, 7]], [[0, 1, 5, 4]]
          "vertices": [
      [23.1, 2321.2, 11.0],
      [111.1, 321.1, 12.0],
        "appearance": {
          "materials": [],
           "textures":[],
       "vertices-texture": []
```

human-readable file

computers prefer this over XML

ready for the web

~6X more compact than CityGML

Findable

Metadata and APIs

- Write good metadata
- Expose metadata to a discovery API
- Provide data via a resource-applicable API

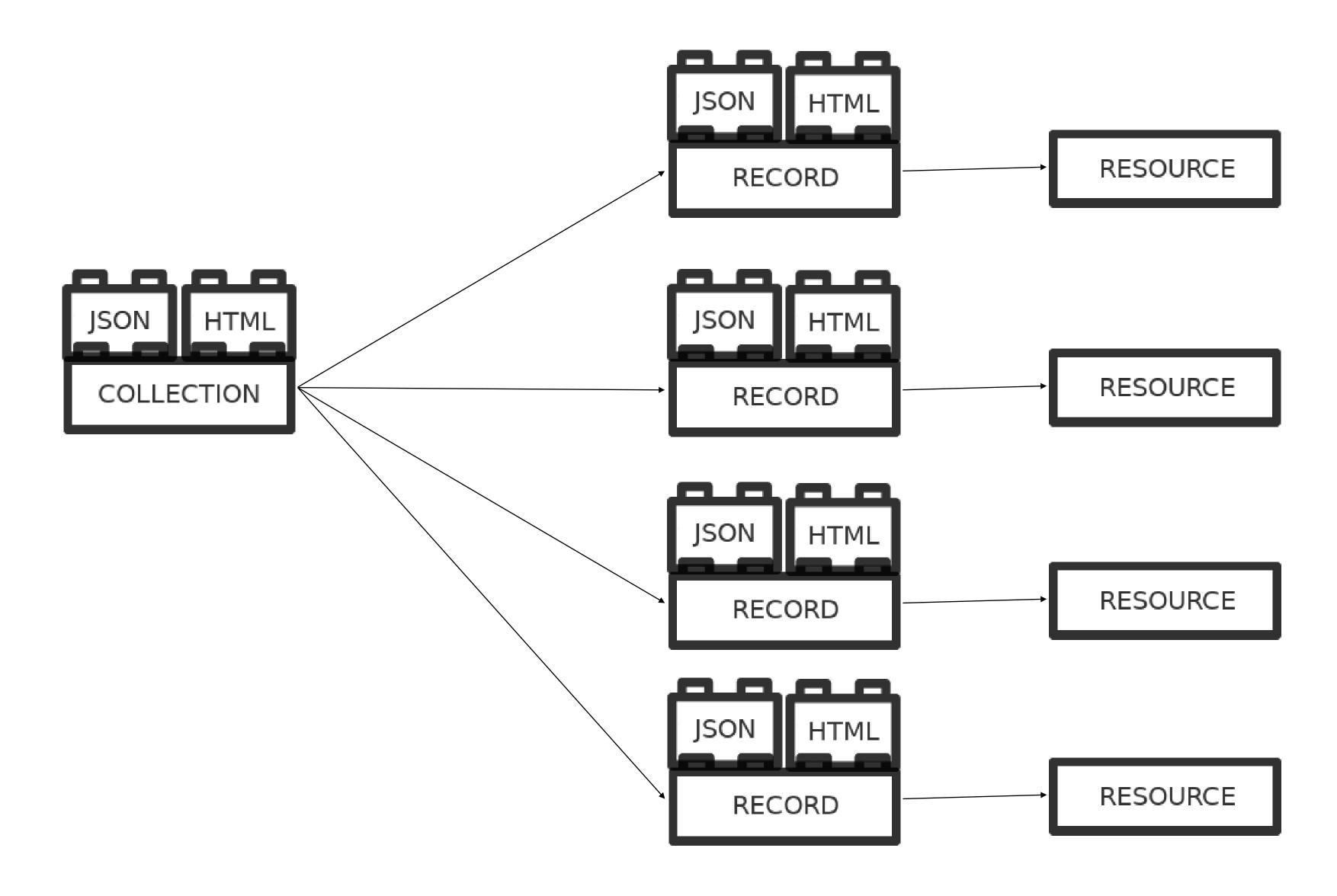
ISO Geospatial Metadata

The ISO19115 family tree

- ISO TC211 Geographic information/Geomatics
- ISO19115:2003 & ISO19139
 - ISO19119 Geographic information Services
 - ISO 19110:2016 Methodology for Feature Cataloguing
- ISO19115-1:2014, amd.1:2018 and amd.2-2020 not backwards compatible
- ISO19115-3:2016 Geographic information Metadata Part 3: XML schema implementation for fundamental concepts

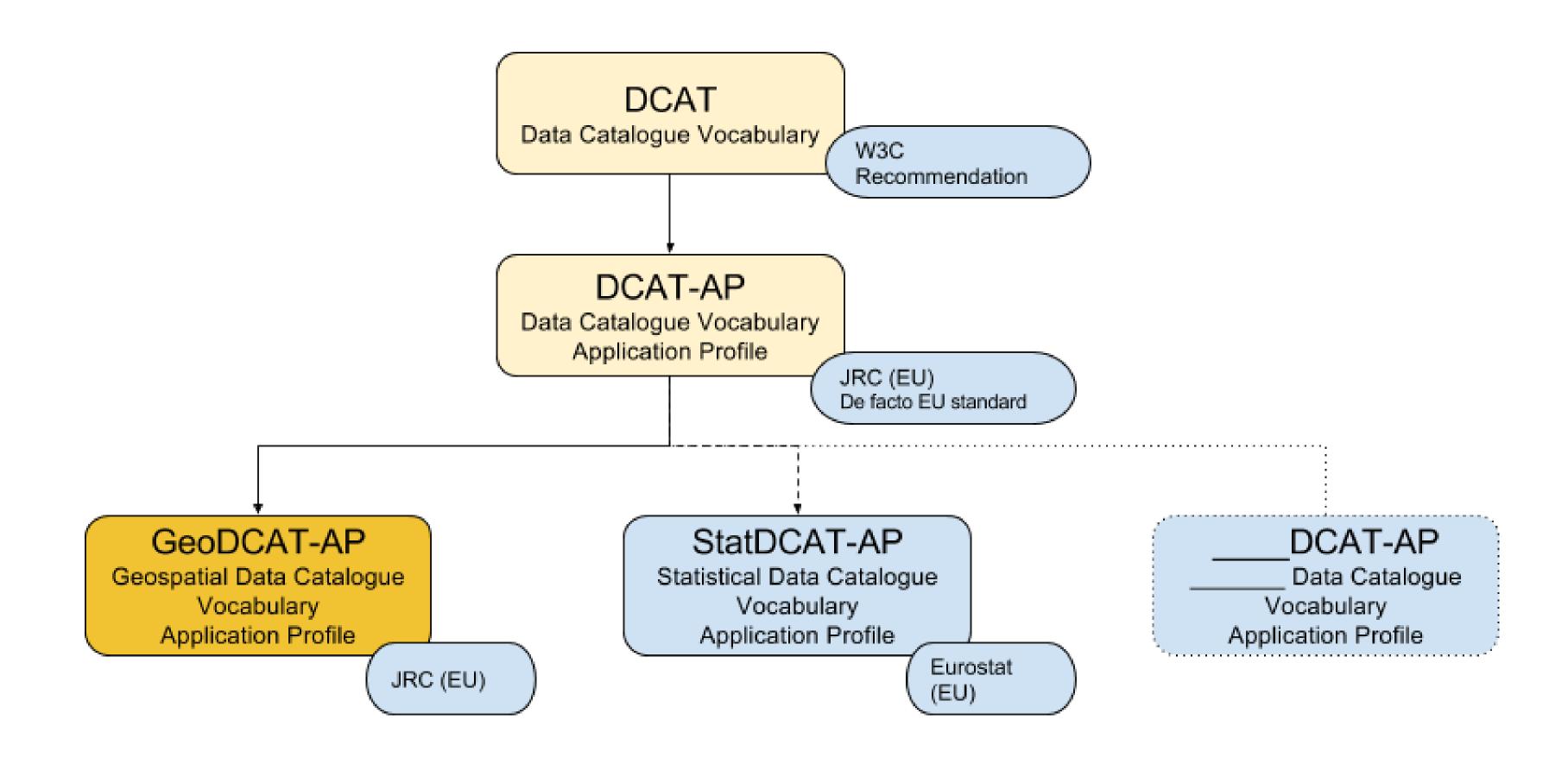


OGC API – Records: Crawlable Catalogue

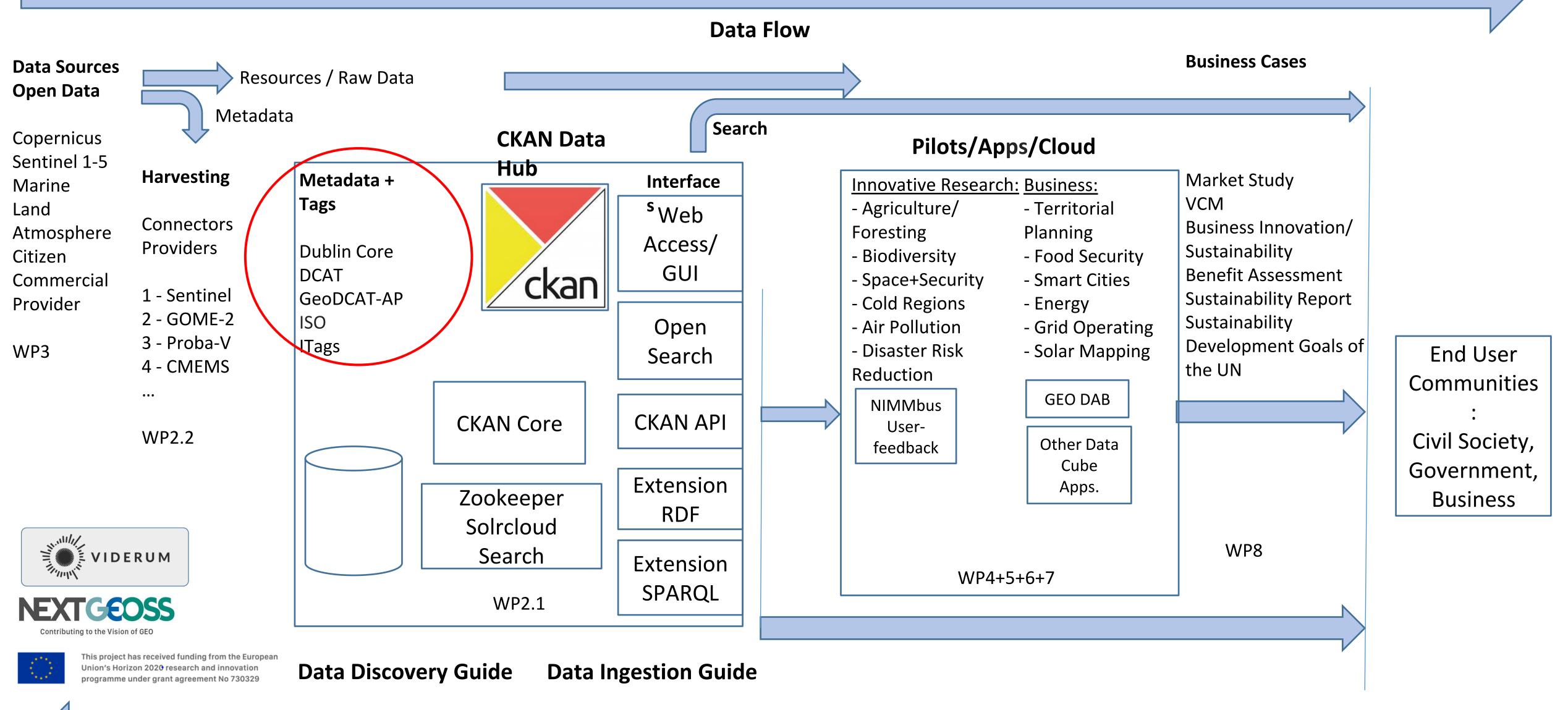


GeoDCAT: modern web library science

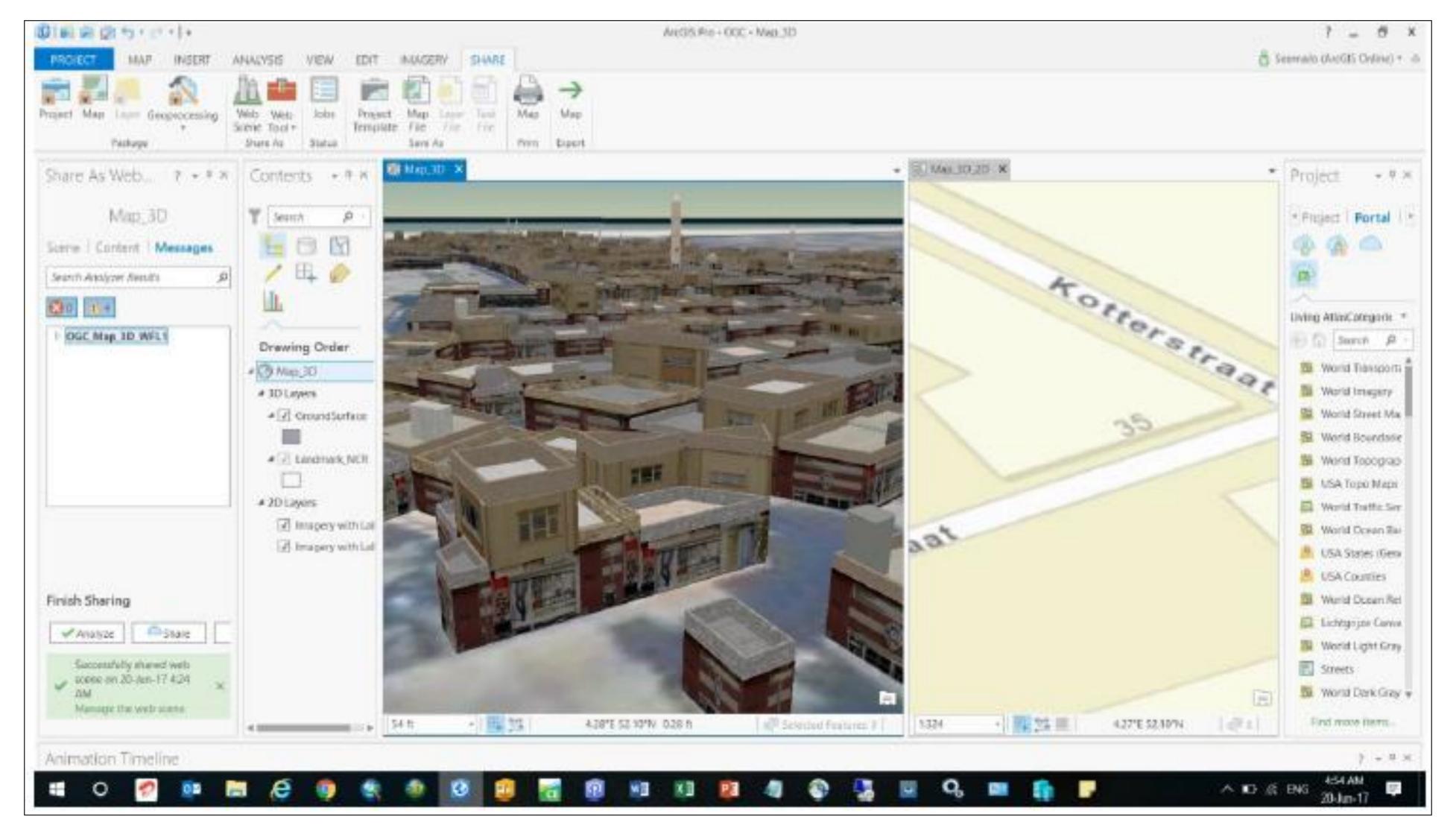
 DCAT – Family based on the core DCAT W3C recommendation (= standard)

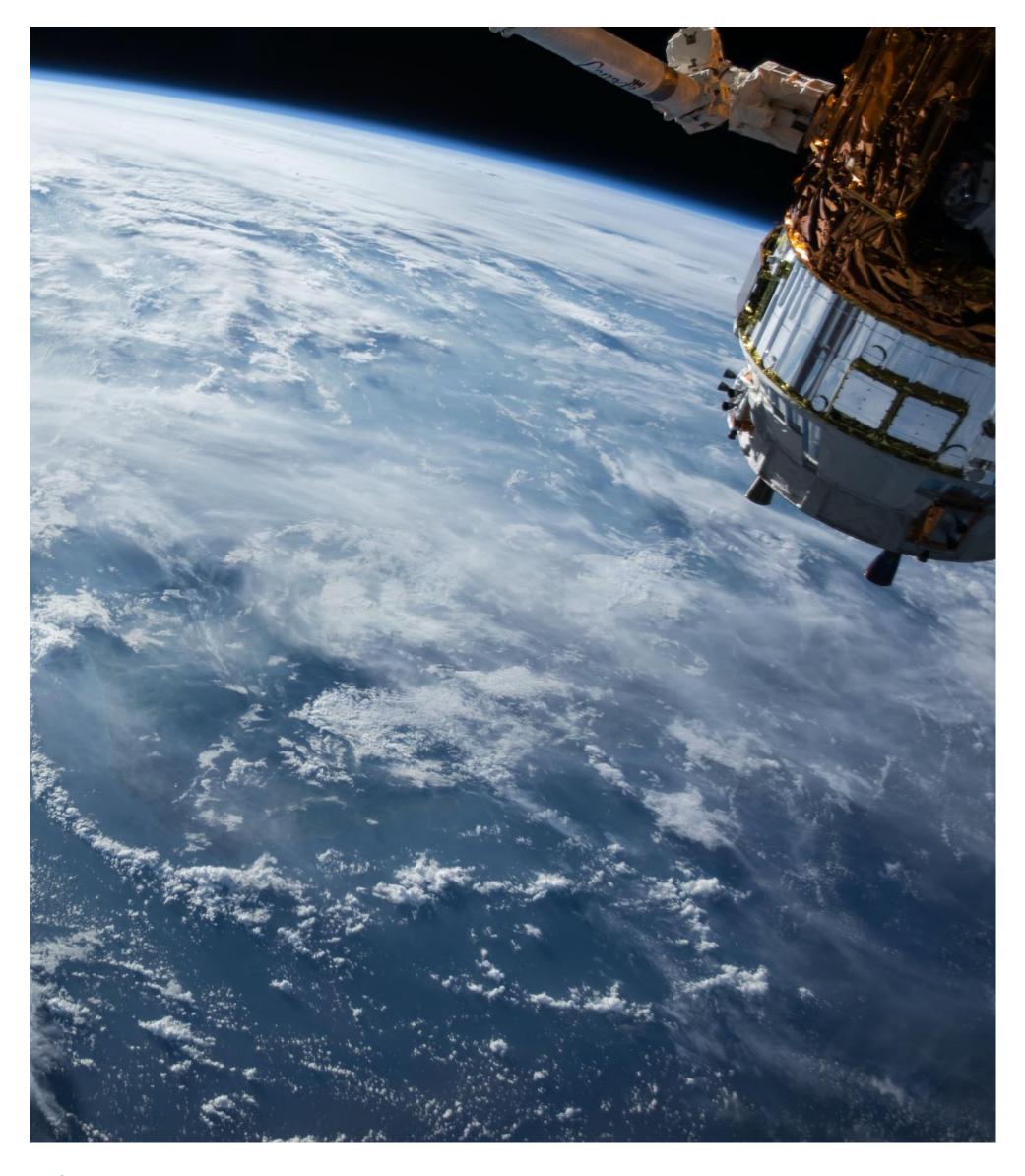


Open Source Technology – Earth Observation Science – Benefits management - Sustainability



Indian Plugfest





Thank You

Community

500+ International Members

110+ Member Meetings

60+ Alliance and Liaison partners

50+ Standards Working Groups

45+ Domain Working Groups

25+ Years of Not for Profit Work

10+ Regional and Country Forums

Innovation

120+ Innovation Initiatives

380+ Technical reports

Quarterly Tech Trends monitoring

Standards

65+ Adopted Standards

300+ products with 1000+ certified implementations

1,700,000+ Operational Data Sets

Using OGC Standards

